The Honorable Paul Ryan Speaker of the House H-232, The Capitol Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi Minority Leader H-204, The Capitol Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Virginia Foxx Chair, Committee on Education and the Workforce 2176 Rayburn House Office Building Washington D.C. 20515

The Honorable Robert Scott
Ranking Member, Committee on Education and the Workforce
2101 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Speaker Ryan, Minority Leader Pelosi, Chairman Foxx, and Ranking Member Scott:

We the undersigned organizations write in strong opposition to H. J. Res 83, a Congressional Review Act Resolution of Disapproval that would repeal an Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) rule that clarifies an employer's responsibility to maintain accurate records of serious work related injuries and illnesses. This resolution will undermine workplace health and safety in the most dangerous industries.

This OSHA clarifying rule does not impose any new costs nor any new obligations to covered employers, nor does it affect small businesses. It simply clarifies OSHA's authority to hold employers accountable for their longstanding obligation to maintain accurate injury records, a requirement that has been in effect since the Nixon Administration. Further, the rule only covers larger employers in the most dangerous industries.

For over 40 years, only larger employers in high hazard industries have been required to maintain records of serious work related injuries and illnesses. OSHA regulations, issued in the 1970's, require employers to maintain records for five years. Since then, the Department's longstanding position has been that an employer had an ongoing duty to assure that those records were accurate. The Department of Labor uses these records as the basis for published statistics on workplace injury and illness rates and OSHA uses them to allocate scarce agency resources for compliance assistance and enforcement. Employers use these records as a guide to identify and fix job dangers that injure and maim workers.

This rule is needed because in 2012, a court decision overturned 40 years of recordkeeping precedent and made it impossible for OSHA to enforce against recordkeeping violations in dangerous industries

that are more than six months old. One of the three judges indicated that OSHA could enforce for continuing violations of its recordkeeping rule if the agency clarified its regulation. The rule that is the subject of H.J. Res 83 remedies the problem and clarifies that OSHA may enforce for continuing violations for the failure to record serious work related injuries and illnesses.

Accurate injury and illness records are vitally important to the protection of workers. They are the most important tool that employers and government use to identify and eliminate job hazards that kill over 4,800 workers a year and seriously injure almost 3 million more. OSHA can only inspect every workplace under its jurisdiction once every 140 years. If employers have no obligation to maintain accurate records during the five year retention period, worker health and safety will be seriously jeopardized.

We are organizations that strongly support ensuring safer workplaces and protecting workers from serious workplace hazards. We ask you to stand with American workers and oppose H.J. Res 83. The OSHA clarifying rule on maintaining accurate records imposes no new costs to business, but is critical to assuring that workplace fatalities and injuries are prevented.

## Sincerely,

9to5, National Association of Working Women

American Federation of Government Employees

American Federation of Labor- Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO)

American Federation of Teachers (AFT)

Asbestos Disease Awareness Organization

Blue Green Alliance

Connecticut Council on Occupational Safety and Health

Communication Workers of America

Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists

District 1199C Training & Upgrading Fund

Earthjustice

**Economic Policy Institute Policy Center** 

Fair World Project

Family Values @ Work

Farmworker Justice

Fe y Justicia Worker Center

Food & Water Watch

**Futures Without Violence** 

Health Professional and Allied Employees AFT/AFL-CIO

Institute for Science and Human Values, Inc.

Interfaith Worker Justice

International Brotherhood of Teamsters

International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace & Agricultural Implement Workers of America, UAW Jobs with Justice

Kentucky Equal Justice Center

Knox Area Workers' Memorial Day Committee of Knoxville, Tennessee

Labor & Employment Committee of the National Lawyers Guild

**Labor Project for Working Families** 

Legal Aid at Work

Los Angeles Alliance for a New Economy (LAANE)

Massachusetts Law Reform Institute

**NAACP** 

National Center for Law and Economic Justice

**National Employment Lawyers Association** 

National Employment Law Project

National Guestworker Alliance

National LGBTQ Task Force Action Fund

National Organization for Women

National Partnership for Women and Families

Natural Resources Defense Council

Nebraska Appleseed Center for Law in the Public Interest

**New Labor** 

New Rules for Global Finance

Occupational Health Clinical Centers

Oxfam

Policy Matters Ohio

**Progressive Congress Action Fund** 

**Public Citizen** 

Resisting Injustice and Standing for Equality (RISE)

**Restaurant Opportunities Centers United** 

Rhode Island Center for Justice

Santa Clara County Wage Theft Coalition

Sargent Shriver National Center on Poverty Law

SafeWork Washington

Service Employees International Union (SEIU)

Southern Poverty Law Center (SPLC)

**Union of Concerned Scientists** 

United Food and Commercial Workers International Union (UFCW)

**UNITE HERE International Union** 

United Support and Memorial for Workplace Fatalities (USMWF)

Washington State Labor Council, AFL-CIO

Western North Carolina Workers' Center

Workers' Center of Central New York

Workplace Fairness

Worksafe

WNYCOSH - Western New York Council on Occupational Safety and Health