

# Model State Legislation to Reduce Employment Barriers for People with Criminal Records

Hosted by: NELP, Sentencing Project, National H.I.R.E. Network November 22, 2011

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Working together for safer, healthier communities

#### Model State Legislation to Reduce Employment Barriers for **People with Criminal Records**

**Webinar Presentation November 22, 2011** 



Melanca Clark **Senior Counsel Access to Justice Initiative Department of Justice** www.justice.gov/atj/

#### **REENTRY COUNCIL**

# Reentry Council Inaugural Meeting - January 5, 2011



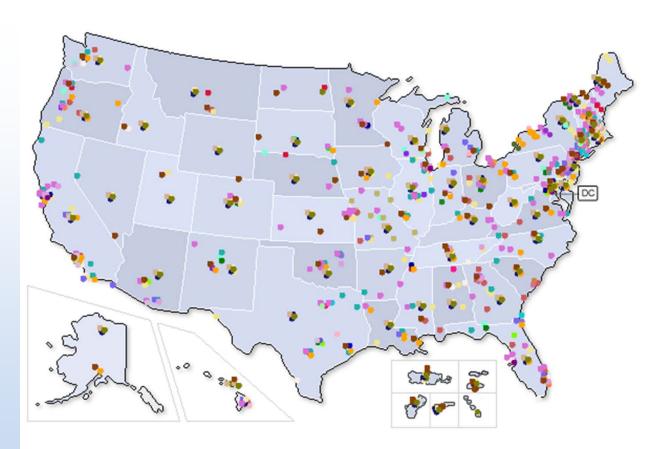
### **Reentry Council Activities**

#### 3 categories of activities:

- Actions the federal government can take to <u>better</u> <u>coordinate/leverage resources</u> for reentry
- ✓ Actions the federal government can take to <u>remove barriers</u> to reentry
- ✓ <u>Bully pulpit opportunities</u> to advance the reentry agenda, dispel myths/clarify policies, and signal to the field the importance of the issue

# Reentry Council Activities: Coordinate and Leverage Resources

National Reentry
Resource
Center
mapped major
federal reentry
resources
going to states
and localities



www.nationalreentryresourcecenter.org

#### **REENTRY COUNCIL**

# Reentry Council Activities: **Address Federal Barriers to Reentry**

Reduce Barriers to Employment for Returning Population

Improve Access to Benefits

Address Child Support Relief

#### **Reentry Council Activities:**

#### **MYTHBUSTER SERIES**

Fact sheets designed to clarify existing federal policies affecting formerly incarcerated individuals in the areas of public housing, access to benefits, parental rights, and employment.

#### **Examples:**

- •MYTH: People with criminal records are automatically barred from employment.
- •MYTH: The Federal Government's hiring policies prohibit employment of people with criminal records.
- •MYTH: Employers have no federal income tax advantage by hiring an ex-felon.

#### **Reentry Council Activities:**

## **Advance Bully Pulpit Opportunities**

The Attorney General sent a letter to every state Attorney General, encouraging them to review the collateral consequences in their states to determine whether those that impose burdens on individuals convicted of crimes without increasing public safety should be eliminated.

#### Letter available at:

http://www.nationalreentryresourcecent er.org/documents/0000/1088/Reentry\_Co uncil\_AG\_Letter.pdf



Office of the Attorney General Bashington, B. C 20590

April 18, 2011

#### Dear Attorney General

Each year, more than 700,000 people are released from state and federal prisons. Another nine million cycle through Joes' jin k. Pailed recently policies impose high social and containing costs including increased control increased victuritzation, increased family discress, and increased pressure an already strained state and manipula buogets. Because recently policies intersect with policies related to health, housing, education, employment, family, faith, and community well-being, many federal agencies deducte significant resources to addressing these policy challenges.

In Juruary, the Obama Administration convened a Cabinet-level Reantly Council to finess on prisoner reentry politics throughout the federal government. This Reantly Council represents a significant federal commitment, to coordinate our efforts and develop effective politics to address reentry challenges. Federal agencies are working together to promote safer and healthful communities, suskist individuals being released from prisons and jails become productive entirent, and save trapayer dollars by lowering the direct and collatoral costs of insuscention. Collaboration among our agencies is already well indeprway and we look forward to working with your and your colleagues in other states to improve public safety.

The Department of Justice's National Institute of Justice has furded a comprehensive National Study on the Collateral Consequences of Criminal Convictions conducted by the American Bar Association's Criminal Justice Section (evailable at: <a href="http://scrweb.isr.temple.adv/pro/cots/aceprojesty">http://scrweb.isr.temple.adv/pro/cots/aceprojesty</a>. This study has datalegued over 38,000 statutes that impose collateral consequences on people convicted of orims – an average of almost 700 per statue or sentions.

Collateral consequence statutes and policies impose additional burdens on people who have served their sencences, including denial of employment and housing opportunities, without increasing public safety in essential ways. Some of those restrictions, such as the prohibition on gan possession, serve meaningful public safety grads.

### **Key Resources**

- Reentry Council Website <u>http://www.nationalreentryresourcecenter.org/reentry-council-meeting</u>
- National Reentry Resource Center www.nationalreentryresourcecenter.org
- Transition from Prison and Jail to the Community Initiative (NIC) <u>http://nicic.gov/TPJC</u>
- Reintegration of Ex-Offenders (DOL) www.doleta.gov/RExO/
- Incarceration and Reentry (HHS)
   http://aspe.hhs.gov/hsp/11/Incarceration&Reentry/
- Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency <a href="http://media.csosa.gov">http://media.csosa.gov</a>
- National Hire Network (state specific listing of governmental agencies and community-based organizations providing reentry services)
   <a href="http://www.hirenetwork.org/resource.html">http://www.hirenetwork.org/resource.html</a>

## **Key Resources (cont.)**

#### **EEOC RESOURCES**

- Policy Statement on the Issue of Conviction Records Under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
  (1987). This policy statement sets forth the Commission's position on the use of conviction records
  under the Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Available at
  <a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/convict1.html">http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/convict1.html</a>.
- Policy Guidance on the Consideration of Arrest Records in Employment Decisions Under Title VII (1990).
   This policy guidance sets forth the Commission's procedure for determining whether arrest records may be considered in employment decisions. Available at <a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/arrest\_records.html">http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/arrest\_records.html</a>.
- Policy Statement on the Use of Statistics in Charges Involving the Exclusion of Individuals with Conviction Records from Employment (1987). This policy statement sets forth the Commission's position on the use of statistics in charges involving the exclusion of individuals with conviction records in employment. Available at <a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/convict2.html">http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/convict2.html</a>.
- EEOC Compliance Manual, Race & Color Discrimination Section, Discussion on Conviction and Arrest Records (2006). The Manual Section provides guidance on analyzing charges of race and color discrimination under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Available at <a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/race-color.html#VIB2conviction">http://www.eeoc.gov/policy/docs/race-color.html#VIB2conviction</a>.
- Office of Legal Council informal discussion letter regarding Title VII and arrest and conviction records.
  The EEOC Office of Legal Council wrote an informal discussion letter in response to an inquiry from a
  member of the public. This letter is intended to provide an informal discussion of the noted issue and
  does not constitute an official opinion of the Commission. Available at
  <a href="http://www.eeoc.gov/eeoc/foia/letters/2005/titlevii">http://www.eeoc.gov/eeoc/foia/letters/2005/titlevii</a> arrest conviction records.html.



# Model State Legislation to Reduce Employment Barriers for People with Criminal Records

National Employment Law Project November 22, 2011

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# Legislative Roundup 2010-2011: Criminal Record and Employment Categories

- 1. Inventories of Collateral Consequences
- 2. Fairer Hiring and Occupational Licensing Standards
- 3. Restoration of Eligibility for Employment and Occupational Licensing
- 4. Expungement and Sealing of Records
- 5. Anti-discrimination Laws
- 6. Securing Identification Documents
- 7. Reducing Child Support Arrearages
- 8. Training and Job Placement for The Affected Populations
- 9. Employer Negligent Hiring Protections





# Raising Awareness of Collateral Consequences through Inventories

- Florida inventory (SB 146)
- Ohio CIVICC
- North Carolina C-CAT (2012)





# Fairer Hiring and Occupational Licensing Standards

- Ban the Box: CT, MA, NM (2010)
  - Screening after conditional offer (CT); finalist (NM)
  - Private employers (MA)
  - Prohibits use of arrests, misdemeanor convictions (NM)



More components: limit background checks; copy of record and reason for denial, waiver process (rehabilitation)



# Fairer Hiring and Occupational Licensing Standards

- Waiver and appeals: California, Delaware
  - Appeal: dispute inaccurate record
  - Waiver: demonstrate rehabilitation and waive disqualifying offense (factors defined)
  - Procedural safeguards: applicant receives copy of record and statement of reason for denial
  - Uniformity





# Restoration of Eligibility for Employment and Occupational Licensing

- Certificate of Relief (North Carolina, low level offense)
- Certificate of Achievement and Employability (Ohio, no automatic license bar)





### **Expungement and Sealing of Criminal Records**

- AR, CA, CO, DE, IN, LA, NC, OR, MS, RI, SD, TX, UT
- First offender: NC, MS
- Expanding: AR, IN, LA, OR, RI, TX
- Reduced waiting period: CO, DE, UT
- May state "no": CO (sealed conviction) SD (arrests)



Technical fix: CA



# Transition from Incarceration to Employment: IDs, Reducing Fees, and Job Training

#### Securing Identification

- Permits issuance: Kentucky, Virginia (special ID)
- Removing prohibitive cost of documents: Colorado,
   New York, Nevada

#### Job Training

- Training for high-demand jobs: Arkansas, Colorado
- Funds appropriated: Iowa
- Permits services: Idaho





# **Employer Negligent Hiring Protections**

- Paired with fair hiring initiatives: MA (ban the box), NC (certificate)
- Paired with job training: AR
- Restricting information at trial: CO





# For more information:

www.nelp.org

**Resources:** 

65 Million Need Not Apply
Ban the Box State Guide

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November 22, 2011



Nicole D. Porter State Advocacy Coordinator www.sentencingproject.org



# Leveraging Opportunity for Reform

- Creating the Conditions for Reform
  - Organizing
  - Legislative Opportunity
- Taking Advantage
  - Fiscal Austerity
  - Addressing State Corrections Policy
  - Justice Reinvestment





# Connecticut: Creating the Environment

- A Better Way Foundation statewide organization
- Grassroots Advocacy door knocking, engaging the community, media advocacy
- Laid foundation for reform





# Connecticut: "Ban the Box"

- H 5207 in 2010
  - Mandates state employers (includes contractors/vendors) to make conditional offers of employment to individuals prior to inquiring about past criminal convictions;
- Passed Senate and House bipartisan support
- Overrode Governor's veto





## North Carolina: Parallel Efforts to Reform CJ Policies

- NC Second Chance Coalition laid groundwork in 2009
- Justice Reinvestment in 2010
- Coalition Reform Priority: Certificate for Rehabilitation
  - Leverage mood for reform
  - Republican Champion
  - Lobby Day of over 200





# NC: Certificate of Restoration of Rights

- Relief for Certain Persons with Prior Convictions
  - HB 641/SB 516
  - Est. process for persons with no more than 2 low level felonies or misdemeanors to petition court for relief from collateral sanctions
  - Courts may issue certificate if petitioner meets certain conditions including 12 month waiting period
- **Bipartisan Support** Republican Champion also sponsored Justice Reinvestment Initiative
- Passed overwhelmingly in House and Senate





# Ohio: Building on Momentum

- Parallel efforts statewide coalition of advocates including Ohio Justice & Policy Center -- with reform agenda and Justice Reinvestment
- Working Safe Ohio/First Step to a Second Chance: a large coalition of advocates, faith leaders, service providers, and others
- CJ Reform Initiative: HB 86 bill reduces penalties for many low-level, non-violent offenses; eliminated crack/powder cocaine disparity, and allows certain inmates to be released early





# OH: Certificate of Achievement and Employability

- Includes provision of Certificate of Achievement and Employability
- Ensures individualized consideration from a state licensing agency when applying for an employment-related license
- Certificate supersedes any statute/regulation that creates automatic bar to the license
- Eligible applicants must have completed accredited in-prison programs (e.g. vocational/behavior) and community-service hours.





# Resources on Leveraging and Building Momentum

- Connecticut: A Better Way Foundation
  - ➤ Grassroots advocacy to override Gubernatorial veto
  - **→** More information online <u>here</u>
- North Carolina: Lobby Day Overview
  - Coalition organized a lobby day for over 200
  - **→** More information online here
- ➤ Ohio: Coalition leveraged Momentum
  - Coalition including correctional officials and faith leaders supported improving employment policies for persons with prior convictions
  - **→** More information online <u>here</u>





#### For more information:

www.sentencingproject.org

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#### **LEGISLATIVE TRENDS IN 2012**

Ban the Box

**Expungement** 

**Uniform Collateral Consequences** 

Prohibiting Inquiry Into Arrests That Do Not Lead to Conviction



Ban the Box

Wisconsin SB 612
Minnesota
Virginia
Pittsburgh



Record Expungement Sealing and Shielding

Pennsylvania SB 1220 Maryland



# **Uniform Collateral Consequences**

Wisconsin

Michigan

Minnesota

**Rhode Island** 

**Vermont** 

Maine\*



Prohibiting Inquiry Into
Arrests That Do Not
Lead to Convictions

Illinois SB 1284



# 2012 Regressive Legislation

Bills that Allow Employers to Discriminate
Against People with Felony Convictions

Wisconsin SB 207



#### **POLICY TOOLKITS**

- Prohibiting Inquires About Arrests That Do Not Lead to Convictions
   <a href="http://www.lac.org/toolkits/arrests/arrest\_inquiries.htm">http://www.lac.org/toolkits/arrests/arrest\_inquiries.htm</a>
- •Standards for Hiring People with Criminal Records <a href="http://www.lac.org/toolkits/standards/standards.htm">http://www.lac.org/toolkits/standards/standards.htm</a>
- •Certificates of Rehabilitation <a href="http://www.lac.org/toolkits/certificates/certificates.htm">http://www.lac.org/toolkits/certificates/certificates.htm</a>
- •Sealing/Expunging Arrest Records
  <a href="http://www.lac.org/toolkits/sealing/sealing.htm">http://www.lac.org/toolkits/sealing/sealing.htm</a>
- •Securing Official Identification for Individuals Leaving Prisons and Jails <a href="http://www.lac.org/toolkits/ID/ID.htm">http://www.lac.org/toolkits/ID/ID.htm</a>
- Enforcing Anti-Discrimination Laws
   http://www.lac.org/toolkits/titlevii/title vii.htm



#### For more information:

www.hirenetwork.org

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