

## The Fight for \$15 in Maryland: Local Officials Should Prepare to Protect Local Democracy

- Legislators in Annapolis will again consider whether to raise the state's minimum wage to \$15 an hour in the 2019 legislative session.
- Maryland's local officials should be aware that the state minimum wage bill brings with it
  potentially significant consequences for the future of local authority and local
  democracy in the state.
- State legislators may seek to revoke counties' and cities' long-standing power to enact a local minimum wage.
- In Maryland, local home rule has allowed counties and cities to adopt a wide range of local policies addressing things like the minimum wage, 1 consumer protection, 2 landlord-tenant protection, 3 local business licensing, 4 food safety, 5 taxicabs, 6 air pollution, 7 smoking, 8 and discrimination. 9
- Any effort to prevent local governments in Maryland from adopting a higher local minimum wage should be seen as part of a broader trend and threat to local democracy.
- Nationwide, local governments have seen a rapid rise in preemption laws over an
  expanding range of issues. Together, these laws have begun to erode home rule in
  significant ways.<sup>10</sup>
- State preemption laws have also taken on a newly extreme and punitive approach
  that, in some cases, even impose personal liability on local legislators or threaten the
  revocation of state funding for local governments.<sup>11</sup>
- Separate from a local official's or local government's position on whether to raise the
  minimum wage, Maryland's local officials should be prepared to defend their longstanding home rule powers and tradition of innovative and responsive local
  democracy.
- The risks of not defending local authority in the current environment are arguably higher than ever before.

## **Endnotes**

<sup>11</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, e.g., Montgomery County Code, ch. 27, art. XI (Minimum Wage); Prince George's County Code, subtit. 13A, div. 2 (Minimum Wage).

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See, e.g., Anne Arundel County Code, art. 10, tit. 8 (Consumer Protection); Baltimore County Code, art. 13, tit. 10 (Miscellaneous Provisions and Consumer Protection); Montgomery County Code, ch. 11 (Consumer Protection).
 <sup>3</sup> See, e.g., Anne Arundel County Code, art. 10, tit. 9 (Landlord and Tenant Rights); Calvert County Code, ch. 75 (Minimum Livability Code); Carroll County Code, tit. XVII, ch. 171 (Livability Code); Charles County Code, ch. 81 (Minimum Livability Code); Talbot County Code, ch. 88 (Minimum Livability Code); Montgomery County Code, ch. 29 (Landlord-Tenant Relations).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See, e.g., Anne Arundel County Code, art. 11 (Licenses); Baltimore County Code, art. 21 (Permits, Licenses, and Business Regulation); Carroll County Code, tit. XI, ch. 110 (Business Licensing); tit. 6 (Licenses); Harford County Code, ch. 157 (Licenses and Permits); Montgomery County Code, ch. 30 (Licensing and Regulations Generally); Prince George's County Code, subtit. 5 (Businesses and Licenses).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See, e.g., Anne Arundel County Code, art. 11, tit. 6 (Food Service Facilities); Baltimore County Code, art. 21, tit. 8 (Food Trucks); Prince George's County Code, subtit. 12, div. 2 (Food Service Facilities).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See, e.g., Anne Arundel County Code, art. 11, tit. 15 (Taxicabs); Baltimore County Code, art. 21, tit. 17 (Vehicles for Hire); Wicomico County Code, ch. 205 (Taxicabs); Harford County Code, ch. 232 (Taxicabs); Talbot County Code, ch. 174 (Taxicabs); Montgomery County Code, ch. 53 (Taxicabs); Prince George's County Code, subtit. 20 (Taxicabs and Limousines).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See, e.g., Baltimore County, art. 13, tit. 2 (Air Pollution); Harford County Code, ch. 109, § 109-12 (Air Quality Control); Prince George's County Code, subtit. 19, div. 1 (Air Pollution).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See, e.g., Baltimore County Code, art. 13, tit. 8 (Smoking in Public Places); Harford County Code, ch. 149, art. II (Smoking and Sale of Tobacco Products in County Buildings); Talbot County Code, ch. 159 (Smoking and Tobacco Products); Montgomery County Code, ch. 24, art. II (Smoking, Tobacco, and Nicotine).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See, e.g., Baltimore County Code, art. 29, tit. 2 (Human Relations, Prohibited Practices); Harford County Code, ch. 95 (Discriminatory Practices); Montgomery County Code, ch. 27, art. I (Commission on Human Rights).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See National Employment Law Project, The Fight for \$15 in Maryland: Local Officials Should Prepare to Protect Local Democracy (Jan. 2019).