

# Workers Prematurely Cut-Off of Federal Jobless Benefits During April 2010 Due to Expiration of the Recovery Act's UI Provisions

National Employment Law Project, March 2010

State	Workers Prematurely Exhausting their Federal Benefits	Average Number of Workers Prematurely Exhausting Federal Benefits, per Week
Alabama	17,373	3,861
Alaska	336	75
Arizona	32,430	7,207
Arkansas	15,349	3,411
California	9,850	2,189
Colorado	23,825	5,294
Connecticut	964	214
Delaware	4,089	909
District of Columbia	4,508	1,002
Florida	107,902	23,978
Georgia	51,776	11,506
Hawaii	4,329	962
Idaho	437	97
Illinois	71,029	15,784
Indiana	43,778	9,729
Iowa	10,921	2,427
Kansas	461	102
Kentucky	15,985	3,552
Louisiana	12,349	2,744
Maine	4,353	967
Maryland	18,089	4,020
Massachusetts	41,293	9,176
Michigan	59,078	13,128
Minnesota	1,123	249
Mississippi	10,250	2,278
Missouri	23,934	5,319
Montana	0	0
Nebraska	4,979	1,107
Nevada	1,426	317
New Hampshire	147	33
New Jersey	3,617	804
New Mexico	250	56
New York	93,263	20,725
North Carolina	3,774	839
North Dakota	968	215
Ohio	58,940	13,098
Oklahoma	11,768	2,615
Oregon	1,303	290
Pennsylvania	3,855	857
Rhode Island	455	101
South Carolina	28,494	6,332
South Dakota	656	146
Tennessee	31,136	6,919
Texas	83,146	18,477
Utah	8,583	1,907
Vermont	107	24
Virginia	21,594	4,799
Washington	943	210
West Virginia	6,193	1,376
Wisconsin	1,656	368
Wyoming	2,997	666
<b>Total</b>	<b>956,064</b>	<b>212,459</b>

Note: This chart represents the number of people who will lose access to all forms of federal jobless benefits with the expiration of the Recovery Act on April 5th, including the 34-53 week temporary program of Emergency Unemployment Compensation (EUC) and the 13-20 week permanent program of Extended Benefits (EB). In a number of states (AK, CA, CT, ID, KS, MN, MT, NV, NH, NJ, NM, NC, OR, PA, RI, VT, WA, WI), the EB program will continue to provide 13-20 weeks of benefits beyond April 5th to those who have run out of state benefits or not reached the end of the EUC program. Thus, these workers have not been included in the chart. However, because the Recovery Act's provision which required the federal government to cover 100 percent of the costs will expire, the state unemployment insurance trust funds are now paying for 50 percent of the EB program in these states.